



Cross-Country Exchange Meeting

ACCISS Project: PHASE III, Kyrgyzstan

Amsterdam 2 December, 2023

Goal:

Improving
adherence of
patients through
education and
raising awareness
of diabetes
management and
self-control; and
efficient use of
insulin

- Objectives:
- Improving adherence of patients with diabetes to treatment, proper nutrition and physical exercise.
- Efficient Use of Purchased Insulin.

Key activities (1)

1. Implementation of ACCISS tools at the country level

- Monitoring the prices of insulin and antihyperglycemic drugs in the facilities and households (2 rounds in 2022 and 2023)
- Study on target product profile (TPP) for non-invasive and minimally-invasive glucose monitoring devices (March 2022)
- Ontime multi-country study on the availability of insulin, insulin delivery devices and blood glucose self-monitoring devices, as well as the prices paid by patients (May-June, 2023)

Key activities (2)

2. Improving practice of managing T1 diabetes

- Further implementation of the CG/CPs in pilot regions: dissemination, training and monitoring
- Monitoring the CGs/CPs implementation in pilot facilities (2021, 2023)
- Use of the monitoring findings for refreshment training (2019,2020,2021)
- Assistance in revising the CG/CP taking into account new evidence



Key activities (3)

3. Strengthening the role of nurses in diabetes management

- Development and implementation of guidelines and standards for the nursing process in diabetes
- Dissemination, training, monitoring









Key activities (4)

4. Improving access to insulins in Bishkek

- Support to the information system of the Endocrinology Center for managing patients and insulin dispensing
- Preparation of the infrastructure to improve the availability of insulin in Bishkek (pilot in FMC#6)
- Creation of conditions for storage, accounting and dispensing of insulin in three additional FMCs (FMCs ##1,3 and 5)
- Training of family doctors in management of patients with T1 diabetes in Bishkek



Key activities (5)

5. Raising awareness of the work within the ACCISS project as well as of the collected evidence related to access to insulin in the countries of the region:

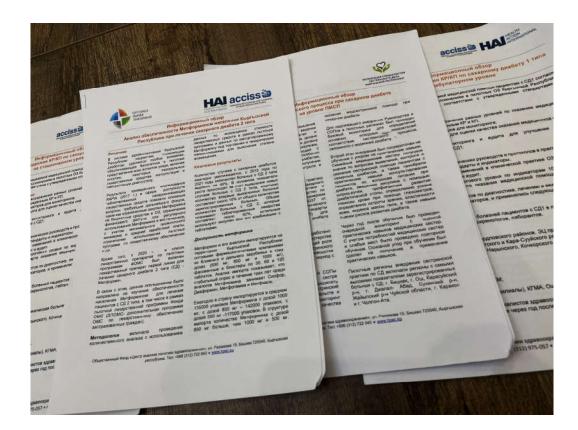
- Publication and distribution of policy briefs
- A webpage with information about all ACCISS Project activities created on the website of HPAC ensures access to diabetes management knowledge (clinical guidelines, the CG implementation and training manual, policy briefs, research papers, training materials etc);

www.hpac.kg

- Creation of the HPAC Facebook page to raise awareness on the organization's activities including the ACCISS Project activities.

https://www.facebook.com/acciss.kyrgyzstan

- Poster presentations at the IDF Congress-2022, and GHF in 2018
- Publication of policy briefs based on the research findings



Key activities within ACCISS (6)

6. Support to the activities of diabetes associations

- Support to the campaigns devoted to the World Diabetes Day
- Dissemination of information materials for patients (diet during Ramadan, about nutrition, rules on how to use glucometers, calculate carbohydrate units, self-control diaries, etc.)





- Эти препараты досталочно безопатом в отчишение риска гиппланемических состанный во время поста Рамадам при грамольном рекоме приням притирите и мунимуральном палбора даты.
- гури односратилно принаме пригодата да гламадана, реколенировно продолжить принам (досеранно вс время приеме пригодата 2-3 рази и день, реколендовано союдатить приеме пригодите до 2 раз в суты
- Гри причиме прегнарата 2.3 раза и день, ренизменравани, старатить приме прегнарата до 2 раз в сум пород привовом пеща на ифтар и перед сумуром. Гри потогливаним сероти состоемия в тенене дероссивенасемно снешем дози орегнаратое до поис венье ст обычной дозествени.

Вирмен), Тенеспитантные (Тенесбит) В связа с населен рексуры «необликования во время тенералия», ин пратараты вытелетия притиральные выбора для всторош пливимие его время посто Еговарана даннае притим превырения не пробрет какию либо главаненной и поченных все притим в превымения по-

Пациятия, произволица веспатью притивайния поческих градить, кадаюриеть более высши робоу дипосименных при голодомии од время Рад дани. В соети с чем, домоде группе видинет должно предти инсерпатиции денацият удовиниция рад в Б и отдель, да инспил меняцият удонициям рад в Б и отдель, да инспил меняцият должное предбаре затимизмого режими приням у дах ражения предпаратия!

lостоянный мониторниг уровия глюкозы в **кров**

стоямый монистрант удовие споиоты в оргонмента весплеменный актыва поста Суучие возненония голо же перамать поста Суучие возненоние голо же тиверсаменные. В соотвенности ресска симерутся начинается условия урожены ресска симендуптся начинается урожения в каличилается и сущем да 7 для в день перав Суучуром, угром после возначать поста с поста предеста доржения до действо поста с поста поста поста по до действо поста поста поста поста поста за сище поднения отключающих объекторым (игид), чим сосмедами,

Физические нагрузки во время поста

- Пациентам с сахарным диабелом во время пост плюдания противопоказаны технями физичес насружи, так как они могут спромоцировать пи
- напружит, так как сни ислуг сурсикцировать гите лискими общискованем средникова. Рессиинализаны умеранным и литаме физическ утогоминия в песноса метали избализации с сурсите.
- есть в тот период, когда вы не голодиете. Следует учетновать, тот, физические негрузк связанные с молитивне, как Превек и потекратнынамат, тоже учетываются как фезические нагрузки

- При уровне глисомии менея 1,9 мисли/и.
 Если уровень глисомии от 3,5 до 3,0 ми необходимо в течение 1 часа перепра
- При пливание основе тр. импраста.
 При возничноетеления симпороми, пистания, пакроченная слабость, управение зрения, по вокрушения, дезорне-тиция, дезова в то полеже основнику или автомого оспрата заболя

После обочнения достой, настратат предытный датами. На Аль Фиду эторы в эней-орг сооны из Язманы и этамический с свербны даибетом сторут вого в расстам образования образован

При правильном подходи и соблюдении јикамин даций медицинского персонала пациенты схориних диабизм матут гоблюдать пост Рама

gazer informacione for Representate (25°CM); Servicio principo principos 25°C

Игсованно в равнях равняхация проекта «Разроши пробена и отраженнями (автаннями с издоневана и постая не висумена (иСПSS) пак подлетнях признавация «Моска «должен» дайствия в «Иласта Дрангоорраннями» (На «Споя пипильтона»)





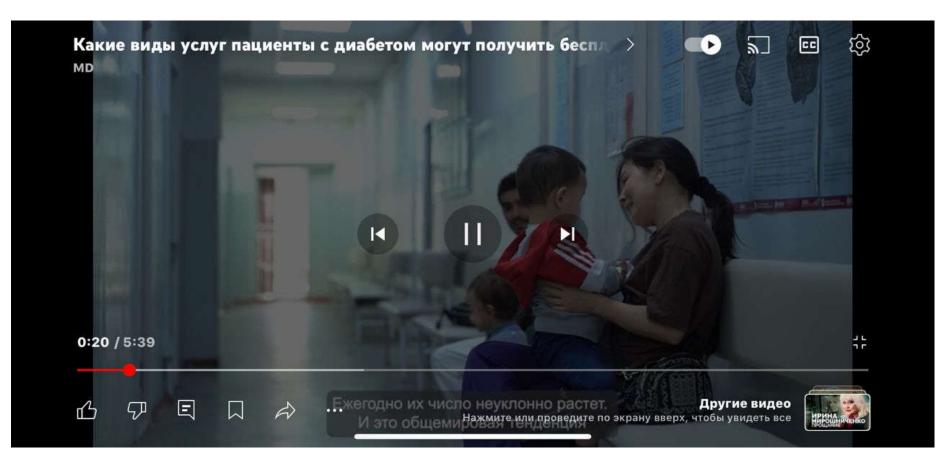




Poster about T2 diabetes for patients in every FGP of Alamedin raion



Youtube video about availability of services for patients with diabetes within the State Guaranteed Benefits Program in Kyrgyzstan https://youtu.be/zYqX1xpLjF8



Training of nurses and doctors, dissemination of information materials for patients lead to successes in patient adherence



«... Patients slowly change their habits of eating and managing diabetes. They keep self-monitoring diaries, and I see obvious improvements. Of course, these are not so many patients now, but I have already realized the role of education...»

Support to the Patient Associations in their campaigns on the World Diabetes Day: «Test yourself for diabetes!» «Check your glucose level!»



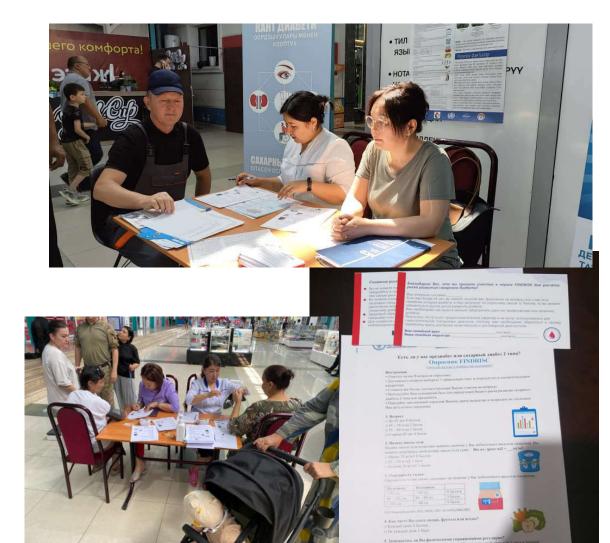




FINDRISC survey form: Do you have pre-diabetes or type 2 diabetes?

Patient Association jointly with the Republican Health Promotion Center and Village Health Committees hold a survey of the Alamedin area population (35 villages were covered)

About 6,000 people were tested, of whom 292 were at high risk (<15), of those 150 were enrolled to FGPs with diabetes diagnosis



"Check your glucose level" campaign in state agencies (Emergencies Ministry)





Round Table on the «Implementation of measures to improve insulin accessibility and diabetes management», November 27





Key Lessons Learnt

- Close cooperation with the MoH and other key stakeholders, discussion of the Project's activities with them was key to the successful implementation of the planned activities.
- Despite training, family doctors are not ready and did not start managing T1 diabetes patients, including insulin-dependent patients with T2 diabetes.
- Monitoring showed insufficient implementation of the CGs/CPs due to lack of equipment for appropriate diagnostics and shortage of doctors at the PHC level in villages.
- Implementation of the CG and SOPs on the nursing process and training of family nurses were well-timed and relevant
- Observation of patients with diabetes by nurses started in regions at the level of FGP, FAP where doctors are not available.
- Functions of nurses in managing patients with diabetes have broadened in terms of early detection, management and education of patients
- Trust towards nurses amongst patients has enhanced
- However, practical skills of nurses require further amplification and training (diabetic foot and visual acuity examination techniques).
- Insufficient work on early detection of diabetes, most often only those patients who self-refer to health facilities are observed.
- Working with patient communities increases adherence and awareness of patients.

ACCISS – Suggestions for Phase IV

1. Raising awareness of the decisions at global and regional levels

- Annual collection of data on prices and availability of insulin and self-monitoring devices
- Continued raising awareness of global activities in the area of diabetes including through the Project (publication of policy briefs, social networks, HPAC website etc.)
- Publication of scientific articles based on the research findings in the international journals

ACCISS - Suggestions for Phase IV

2. Effective use of insulin

- -Support to the scale-up of the information system for registration of patients with diabetes and accounting insulin used by them
- -Study on identifying the real demand for insulin in some regions
- Support to the development of the Insulin Supply Chain Manual, piloting

ACCISS – Suggestions for Phase IV

3. Continued improvement of diabetes management at the PHC level

- Onward monitoring of the T1 diabetes CGs/CPs utilization, their revision considering new evidence and applied to family doctors
- Further enhancing the role of nurses in diabetes management (scale-up of training to other regions and exploring changes in patient adherence to treatment, proper nutrition and physical activity)
- Support to diabetic associations in patient awareness raising (creation of videos with personal stories about successful diabetes management, information about importance of self-control and patients' right to free services, support to volunteers in associations and campaigns on diabetes detection and CVD risk factors)